1. What are the important parts of a home fire escape plan?
   a. Working smoke alarms, one way out of each room, and an outside meeting place
   b. Working smoke alarms, two ways out of each room, and an outside meeting place
   c. Working CO alarms, two ways out of each room, and an outside meeting place
   d. Working smoke alarms, cell phone and an outside meeting place

2. How often should you practice your home fire escape plan?
   a. Once a month
   b. Once a year
   c. Twice a month
   d. Twice a year

3. When you enter a public building like a restaurant, school, work or social club, how should you plan for an emergency?
   a. Find exits, check for fire extinguishers, find out how many people are in the building, and stay with family or friends.
   b. Find exits, check for clear exit paths, plan an outside meeting place and have a communication plan.
   c. Call the local fire marshal, look for smoke alarms and fire sprinklers, and find exits.
   d. Have a communication plan, look for smoke alarms, look for the local fire marshal, and plan an outside meeting place

4. A good outside meeting place would be a
   a. Car
   b. Bike
   c. Tree
   d. Trash barrel

5. Once you are safely outside the home, you should
   a. Call the fire department
   b. Stay at your meeting place
   c. Wait for the fire department to arrive
   d. All of the above

6. During a fire in a typical building, you need to:
   a. React immediately, get outside and stay outside
   b. Investigate the problem, get outside and stay outside
   c. Wait for someone in authority to tell you what to do
   d. Take care of yourself, run and get outside
7. If a person’s home is burning, when would it make sense to go back into the home after already getting outside?
   a. To save a person or pet
   b. To gather important documents
   c. To try to put out the fire
   d. Never go back into a burning home for any reason

8. You could have less than two minutes to escape a home fire from the time the smoke alarm sounds.
   □ True
   □ False

9. What is the leading cause of home fires?
   a. Smoking materials
   b. Heating
   c. Unattended Cooking
   d. Electrical

10. In the U.S., from 2010-2014, there was an annual average of 2,520 fire deaths. What percentage of these deaths occurred in one-or two-family homes?
    a. 54%
    b. 64%
    c. 74%
    d. 84%

11. More than two of every five reported home fires start in the
    a. Living room or den
    b. Kitchen
    c. Bedroom
    d. Chimney

12. How many home fire deaths result from fires with no working smoke alarms?
    a. One of every three
    b. Two of every four
    c. Three of every five
    d. Four of every five

13. A closed door may slow the spread of smoke and fire. If you sleep with your bedroom door closed you need
    a. Three ways out of the room
    b. A smoke alarm inside the room that is interconnected to the other smoke alarms in your home
    c. Strobe lights inside the bedroom that are powered by battery
    d. All of the above

14. The best way to control a fire before the fire department arrives is to have
    a. A working fire extinguisher
    b. A garden hose
    c. Home fire sprinklers
    d. All of the above