1 **If you smoke, smoke outside.** Provide smokers with large, deep, sturdy ashtrays. Wet cigarette butts and ashes before throwing them out or bury them in sand, and never throw them in plants or mulch. Never smoke in bed. Never smoke if oxygen is used in the home.

2 **Give space heaters space.** Keep them at least 3 feet (1 meter) away from anything that can burn—including you. Shut off and unplug heaters when you leave the room or go to bed. Plug heaters directly into a wall outlet and never into an extension cord or power strip.

3 **Stay in the kitchen when frying food and cooking on the stove top.** If you leave the kitchen, even for a short time, turn off the burner. Use a timer when cooking. If a pan of food catches fire, slide a lid over it and turn off the burner. Don’t cook if you are drowsy from alcohol or medication. Do not cook when taking new medication until you know how it will affect you. Wear tight-fitting or short sleeves when cooking. Use oven mitts to handle hot pans. Use lightweight manageable pans.

4 **If your clothes catch fire: stop, drop, and roll.** Stop (don’t run), drop gently to the ground, and cover your face with your hands. Roll over and over or back and forth to put out the fire. If you cannot drop and roll, keep a blanket or towel nearby to smother flames. If you use a wheelchair, scooter, or other device and can get to the floor, lock the device before getting out and then roll until the flames are out. If you are a bystander, use a rug or blanket to help extinguish the flames. Use cool water for 3–5 minutes to cool the burn. Get medical help right away.

5 **Smoke and carbon monoxide alarms save lives.** Install smoke alarms on every level of your home, inside each bedroom, and outside each sleeping area. For the best protection, have interconnected alarms, so when one sounds, they all sound. Have someone test your smoke alarms once a month by pushing the test button. Replace any that are 10 years old or older. If you or someone in your home is deaf or hard of hearing, use bed shaker and strobe light alerts that work with your smoke alarm. Install carbon monoxide alarms outside each sleeping area and on every level of the home.

6 **Plan and practice your escape from fire and smoke.** If possible, plan two ways out of every room in your home and two ways out of your home. Make sure windows and doors open easily. If the smoke alarm sounds, get outside and stay outside.

7 **Know your local emergency number.** It may be 9-1-1 or the fire department’s phone number. Once you have escaped a fire, call the fire department from a neighbor’s phone or a cell phone. In case of a medical emergency, keep family and contact names and numbers by the phone.

8 **Plan your escape for your abilities.** Have a landline or a cell phone with a charger near your bed to call for help if you are trapped by smoke or fire. Have your walker, cane, scooter, or wheelchair by your bed. Keep your glasses, phone, and flashlight near your bed to reach quickly in an emergency.

Follow these 8 steps to help prevent fires at home. Learn more at [nfpa.org/stepstosafety](http://nfpa.org/stepstosafety).